

POLITEKHNİK KESEHATAN TANJUNGPURANG
JURUSAN KEBIDANAN TANJUNGPURANG
Skripsi, Juni 2025

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Hubungan faktor persepsi serta keyakinan dan dukungan keluarga terhadap pemberian *Measless Rubella* (MR) di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Bandar Agung Kabupaten Lampung Tengah.

xvi + 60 Halaman + 9 tabel + 2 gambar + 10 lampiran

ABSTRAK

Imunisasi merupakan usaha memberikan kekebalan pada balita dengan memasukkan vaksin kedalam tubuh agar tubuh membuat zat antibodi untuk mencegah terhadap penyakit tertentu. Jutaan anak di dunia yang tidak mendapatkan imunisasi lengkap, bahkan ada yang tidak mendapatkan imunisasi sama sekali. Di Provinsi Lampung cakupan vaksin campak tahun 2024 sebesar 78,64%. Berdasarkan data Kabupaten Lampung Tengah tahun 2022 tercatat prevalensi cakupan imunisasi campak sebesar 94,2%.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan faktor persepsi dan keyakinan serta dukungan keluarga terhadap pemberian imunisasi *Measless Rubella* (MR) di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Bandar Agung Lampung Tengah

Penelitian ini menggunakan penelitian kuantitatif dengan pendekatan cross-sectional. Populasi penelitian ini sebanyak 1895 dan sampel penelitian sebanyak 95 orang tua atau wali yang memiliki bayi usia >24 bulan. Teknik sampling yang digunakan yaitu metode sampling acak sederhana yang kemudian diberikan kuesioner lalu dianalisis menggunakan uji statistic berupa uji chi-square.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa terdapat anak yang tidak diberikan imunisasi MR sebanyak 40 orang (42,1 %). Hal ini dipengaruhi oleh persepsi negatif pada imunisasi sebanyak 37 ibu (38,9 %), keyakinannya negatif terhadap imunisasi sebanyak 39 ibu (41,1 %), dan dukungan keluarganya negatif terhadap imunisasi sebanyak 34 ibu (35,8 %).

Kesimpulan dari penelitian ini yaitu terdapat hubungan antara Persepsi, keyakinan, dan dukungan keluarga dengan Penerapan Imunisasi MR dengan nilai $p\text{-value} = 0,000$ ($0,000 < 0,05$). Temuan ini dapat menjadi acuan dalam perencanaan intervensi edukatif dan promotif untuk meningkatkan cakupan imunisasi di masyarakat.

Kata Kunci : Hubungan persepsi, keyakinan, dukungan keluarga, Vaksin MR

Daftar Bacaan : 30 (2015 – 2025)

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The relationship between perception factors and family beliefs and support for the provision of complete Measles Rubella (MR) in the working area of Bandar Agung Health Center, Central Lampung Regency.

xiii + 60 Pages + 9 tables + 2 pictures + 10 appendices.

ABSTRACT

Immunization is an effort to provide immunity to toddlers by inserting vaccines into the body so that the body produces antibodies to prevent certain diseases. Millions of children in the world do not receive complete immunization, some even do not receive immunization at all. In Lampung Province, the coverage of measles vaccine in 2024 was 78.64%. Based on data from Central Lampung Regency in 2022, the prevalence of measles immunization coverage was recorded at 94.2%.

This study purpose to determine the relationship between perception and belief factors and family support for the provision of Measles Rubella (MR) immunization in the Bandar Agung Lampung Tengah Health Center work area

This study uses quantitative research with a cross-sectional approach. The population of this study was 1895 and the research sample was 95 parents or guardians who had babies aged >24 months. The sampling technique used was a simple random sampling method which was then given a questionnaire and then analyzed using a statistical test in the form of a chi-square test.

The results showed that there were 40 children who were not given MR immunization (42.1%). This was influenced by negative perceptions of immunization as many as 37 mothers (38.9%), negative beliefs about immunization as many as 39 mothers (41.1%), and negative family support for immunization as many as 34 mothers (35.8%).

The conclusion of this study is that there is a relationship between Perception, belief, and family support with the Implementation of MR Immunization with a $p\text{-value} = 0.000$ ($0.000 < 0.05$). This finding can be a reference in planning educational and promotive interventions to increase immunization coverage in the community.

Keywords : Relationship between perception, belief, family support, MR Vaccine

Reading List : 30 (2015 - 2025)