

POLITEKNIK KESEHATAAN TANJUNG KARANG
PRODI KEPERAWATAN KOTABUMI
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Asuhan Keperawatan Dengan Gangguan Oksigenasi Pada Kasus Pneumonia Terhadap Tn. F Di Ruang VIP C Rumah Sakit Umum Daerah Mayjend HM Ryacudu Kotabumi Lampung Utara Tanggal 7-9 November 2022
Xii + 69 halaman + 6 Tabel + 3 gambar

RINGKASAN

Pneumonia dalam arti umum merupakan peradangan parenkim yang dikarenakan oleh mikroorganisme bakteri, virus, jamur dan parasit. Prevalensi pneumonia pada usia lanjut mencapai 15,5%. Tanda dan gejala yang umum terjadi pada pasien pneumonia komunitas dewasa berupa sesak napas (60,93%), batuk (54,88%), demam (48,37%).

Tujuan penulisan laporan tugas akhir ini penulis menggambarkan asuhan keperawatan pada kasus pneumonia secara komprehensif dan sesuai teori. Memunculkan diagnosa keperawatan berdasarkan teori dan SDKI,SIKI,dan SLKI, dilakukan sesuai label yang dipilih. Evaluasi dilakukan setiap hari sesuai label yang dipilih.

Pada hasil pengkajian kasus ini klien mengalami gangguan oksigenasi. Data-data ini menuju pada diagnosa bersihan jalan napas tidak efektif, nausea, dan risiko defisit nutrisi. Perencanaan dan tindakan dilakukan sesuai SLKI: bersihan jalan napas, tingkat nausea, dan status nutrisi. Serta sesuai dengan SIKI: manajemen jalan napas, Latihan batuk efektif, manajemen mual, manajemen nutrisi dan pemantauan nutrisi.

Simpulan dari laporan ini adalah pengkajian sesuai dengan teori, sesuai dengan implementasi ketiga masalah keperawatan teratasi Sebagian. Saran dari laporan ini adalah diharapkan dapat menjadi bahan pertimbangan dalam pelaksanaan asuhan keperawatan gangguan oksigenasi bagi pasien dan dapat menambah literatur kepustakaan bagi mahasiswa/I Poltekkes Program Studi Keperawatan Kotabumi.

Kata kunci : gangguan oksigenasi, pneumonia
Sumber bacaan : 21 (2008-2022)

TANJUNG KARANG HEALTH POLYTECHNIC
KOTABUMI NURSING STUDY PROGRAM
Final Report, November 2023

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*Nursing Care With Oxygenation Disorders In cases of Pneumonia To Mr. F Against In VIP C Room Regional Public Hospital Mayjend HM Ryacudu Kotabumi North Lampung on 7-9 November 2022
Xvii + 69 Page+ 6 Table + 3 Picture*

ABSTRACT

Pneumonia in a general sense is an inflammation of the parenchyma caused by bacterial, viral, fungal and parasitic microorganisms. The prevalence of pneumonia in the elderly reaches 15.5%. Signs and symptoms that commonly occur in adult community- acquired pneumonia patients include shortness of breath (60.93%), cough (54.88%), fever (48.37%).

The purpose of writing this final report is that the authors describe nursing care in pneumonia cases in a comprehensive and theoretical manner. Generating nursing diagnoses based on theory and SDKI, SIKI, and SLKI, carried out according to the chosen label. Evaluation is carried out every day according to the selected label.

In the results of this case study the client experienced oxygenation disorders. These data lead to the diagnosis of ineffective airway clearance, nausea, and risk of nutritional deficits. Planning and action is carried out according to the SLKI airway clearance, degree of nausea, and nutritional status. As well as according to SIKI: airway management, effective coughing exercises, nausea management, nutritional management and nutritional monitoring.

The conclusion of this report is that the assessment is in accordance with the theory, in accordance with the implementation of the three nursing problems partially resolved. The suggestions from this report are that it is hoped that it can be taken into consideration in the implementation of oxygenation disorder nursing care for patients and can add to the library literature for students of Poltekkes Nursing Program in Kotabumi.

Keywords: pneumonia oxygen disorder

Reading sources: 21 (2008-2022)