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Hubungan Pengetahuan Ibu Hamil Tentang Penyulit Kehamilan Dengan Kepatuhan ANC Trimester III Di Puskesmas Bandar Jaya Lampung Tengah

xvii+92 halaman+5 tabel+ 2 gambar+ 10 lampiran

ABSTRAK

Kunjungan antenatal care (ANC) untuk menurunkan angka kematian ibu dan bayi serta memberikan deteksi dini terhadap komplikasi kehamilan. Menurut data seksi keluarga dan gizi Kabupaten Lampung Tengah tahun 2021, di puskesmas Bandar jaya sendiri masuk peringkat pertama angka perkiraan ibu hamil dengan komplikasi kebidanan yaitu sebesar 214 ibu hamil. Sedangkan pelayanan ANC di puskesmas Bandar jaya sendiri terdapat 1,068 ibu hamil dan yang melakukan kunjungan ANC 4 sebanyak 855 (80,1%)

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui pengetahuan , kunjungan ANC serta hubungan pengetahuan ibu hamil dalam melakukan kelengkapan kunjungan antenatal care di Puskesmas Bandar Jaya Lampung Tengah.

Jenis penelitian ini survei analitik dengan menggunakan pendekatan *cross sectional*. Populasi penelitian ini seluruh jumlah ibu hamil Trimester III usia kehamilan 28- 40 minggu yang melakukan kunjungan antenatal care (ANC). Teknik pengambilan sample dengan total sampling diperoleh sebanyak 40 responden.

Hasil penelitian didapatkan ibu hamil dengan pengetahuan yang baik tentang penyulit kehamilan cenderung lebih patuh dalam memeriksa kehamilan yaitu 68,8% dari 14 responden. Ibu hamil yang tidak patuh dalam melakukan kunjungan ANC lebih cenderung memiliki pengetahuan cukup sampai kurang yaitu (80,7%) dari 26 responden. Nilai $p = 0,00 < 0,05$, menunjukkan ada hubungan antara pengetahuan ibu hamil dengan kelengkapan kunjungan Antenatal care (ANC) di Puskesmas Bandar Jaya Lampung Tengah. Saran dalam penelitian ini diharapkan agar ibu hamil harus banyak mendapatkan pengetahuan yang baik dari tenaga kesehatan sehingga ibu dapat memeriksakan kehamilan dengan teratur sertatenaga kesehatan berperan aktif dalam pelayanan Antenatal Care (ANC) dan memberikan penyuluhan mengenai penyulit kehamilan.

Kata Kunci : Antenatal Care , Pengetahuan, Kelengkapan Kunjungan
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The Relationship between Pregnant Women's Knowledge About Pregnancy Complications and Compliance with ANC Trimester III at The Health Center Jaya, Middle Lampung
xvii+92 pages+5 tables+ 2 figures+ 10 attachments

ABSTRACT

Antenatal care (ANC) visits reduce maternal and infant mortality and provide early detection of pregnancy complications. According to data from the family and nutrition section of Central Lampung Regency in 2021, the Bandar Jaya health center itself ranked first in the estimated number of pregnant women with obstetric complications, namely 214 pregnant women. Meanwhile, the ANC service at the Bandar Jaya health center itself has 1,068 pregnant women and 855 (80.1%) of them made ANC 4 visits.

This study aims to determine the knowledge, ANC visits and the relationship between knowledge of pregnant women in conducting complete antenatal care visits at the Bandar Jaya Health Center in Central Lampung.

This type of research is an analytic survey using a cross sectional approach. The population of this study was the entire number of pregnant women in Trimester III of gestational age 28-40 weeks who made antenatal care (ANC) visits. The sampling technique with total sampling obtained as many as 40 respondents.

The results showed that pregnant women with good knowledge about pregnancy complications tended to be more compliant in checking pregnancy, namely 68.8% of 14 respondents. Pregnant women who are not compliant in conducting ANC visits are more likely to have sufficient to less knowledge, namely (80.7%) of 26 respondents. The p value = 0.00 < 0.05, indicating that there is a relationship between the knowledge of pregnant women and the completeness of antenatal care (ANC) visits at the Bandar Jaya Health Center in Central Lampung. Suggestions in this study are expected that pregnant women should get a lot of good knowledge from health workers so that mothers can check pregnancy regularly and health workers play an active role in Antenatal Care (ANC) services and provide counseling on pregnancy complications.

Keywords : Antenatal care, Knowledge, Completeness of Visit
References : 31 (2014-2023)