

POLITEKNIK KESEHATAN TANJUNGPURING
PRODI KEPERAWATAN KOTA BUMI
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Asuhan Keperawatan pasien dengan Dengan Gangguan Termoregulasi Pada Kasus Febris Terhadap An. N Di Ruang Edelwis Rsu Handayani Kota Bumi Tanggal 13-18 Maret 2023

xvi+52 halaman, 7 tabel, 2 gambar

RINGKASAN

Febris merupakan keadaan ketika individual mengalami atau berisiko mengalami kenaikan suhu tubuh terus menerus lebih dari 37,8 °C peroral atau 37,9°C perrectal karena faktor eksternal. Penyebab demam selain infeksi juga dapat disebabkan oleh keadaan toksemia, keganasan atau reaksi terhadap pemakaian obat, juga pada gangguan pusat regulasi suhu sentral (misalnya: perdarahan otak, koma). Rumusan masalah laporan ini adalah

Tujuan laporan tugas akhir ini adalah memberikan gambaran Asuhan Keperawatan Anak Dengan Gangguan Termoregulasi Pada Kasus Febris Terhadap An.N Di RSU Handayani Ruang Edelwis Kotabumi Tanggal 13-15 Maret 2023.

Hasil pengkajian didapatkan Ibu Klien mengatakan anaknya demam, mual dan muntah 2 hari yang lalu. Hasil pemeriksaan tanda-tanda vital Suhu : 38.3°C TD : 104/66 mmHg Nadi :120x/menit Pernafasan : 37x/menit Dari hasil pengkajian diagnosa yang ditegakkan adalah hipertermia, hipovolemia dan defisit nutrisi. rencana Keperawatan SLKI meliputi : termoregulasi membaik, status nutrisi membaik, status cairan Membaik. SIKI meliputi : manajemen hipertermia, regulasi temperatur, manajemen nutrisi, manajemen hipovolemia.

Kesimpulan selama 3 hari dilakukan tindakan asuhan keperawatan dengan ketiga diagnosa prioritas didapatkan hasil hipertermia teratasi ,defisit nutrisi teratasi, resiko hipovolemia teratasi. Saran kepada teman-teman mahasiswa ditingkatkan lagi dalam pemahaman teori keperawatan sebelum praktik lapangan,,bagi prodi lebih memperbanyak atau memperbaharui literature buku di perpustakaan.

Kata kunci : Asuhan Keperawatan, Gangguan Termoregulasi Dengan Febris
Sumber baca :20 (2010-2022)

Final Project Report Tugas Akhir, May 2023

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Nursing care of patients with Disorders of Thermoregulation in Case of afebrile Against An.N In the Edelwis Room of Rsu Handayani Earth City on March 13-18 2023.

xvi+52 pages,7 tables,2 picture

ABSTRACT

Febrile is a condition when an individual experiences or is at risk of experiencing a continuous increase in body temperature of more than 37.8°C peroral or 37.9°C perrectally due to external factors. Causes of fever other than infection can also be caused by toxemia, malignancy or reactions to drug use, as well as disturbances in central temperature regulation centers (eg: brain hemorrhage, coma). The purpose of this final project report is to provide an overview of Nursing Care for Children with Thermoregulation Disorders in the Case of Febris Against An.N.At RSU Handayani Edelwis Room Kotabumi March 13-15 2023

The results of the study found that the client's mother said that her child had fever, nausea and vomiting 2 days ago. Examination results of vital signs Temperature 39.4°C BP: 104/66 mmHg Pulse : 120x/minute Respiration : 37x/minute. From the results of the assessment the diagnosis that was upheld was hyperthermia with a risk of deficit. nutrition and the risk of hypovolemia, the SLKI Nursing Plan includes: improved thermoregulation, improved nutritional status, improved fluid status. SIKI includes hyperthermia management, temperature regulation, nutrition management, hypovolemia management

In conclusion, for 3 days nursing care was carried out with the three priority diagnoses, the results of hyperthermia were partially resolved, the risk of nutritional deficit was resolved, the risk of hypovolemia was resolved. Suggestions to fellow students to improve their understanding of nursing theory before field practice, for study programs to increase or update literature in the library.

Keywords: FEBRI NURSING CARE FOR THERMOGULATION DISORDERS
Reading sources: 20 (2010-2022)