

**POLITEKNIK KESEHATAN TANJUNGKARANG  
JURUSAN TEKNOLOGI LABORATORIUM MEDIS  
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**Gambaran Hitung Jumlah dan Jenis Leukosit Pada Anak Penderita Demam Berdarah Dengue (DBD) di RSUD Pringsewu Tahun 2020-2021**

xv+25 halaman, 1 gambar, 6 lampiran

**ABSTRAK**

Demam Berdarah Dengue (DBD) adalah demam akut yang disebabkan oleh salah satu dari empat serotype virus dikenal dengan nama virus dengue yang disebabkan oleh gigitan nyamuk aedes aegypti. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui gambaran hitung jumlah dan jenis leukosit pada anak penderita DBD di RSUD Pringsewu tahun 2020-2021. Jenis penelitian ini adalah deskriptif menggunakan data sekunder. Sampel pada penelitian ini berjumlah 169 anak penderita DBD yang melakukan pemeriksaan hitung jumlah dan jenis leukosit. Hasil penelitian dari karakteristik anak penderita DBD didapatkan laki-laki lebih banyak terinfeksi yaitu sebanyak 85 anak penderita (50,3%) dibanding perempuan yaitu 84 anak penderita (49,7%). Pada kelompok usia 0-5 tahun didapatkan infeksi terbanyak sejumlah 48 anak (28,4%), 6-10 tahun 43 anak (25,4%), dan 11-15 tahun 40 anak (23,7%). Distribusi frekuensi didapatkan jumlah rata-rata leukosit adalah  $5.461 \text{ sel}/\mu\text{l}$ , nilai terendah  $1.460 \text{ sel}/\mu\text{l}$ , dan nilai tertinggi  $16.500 \text{ sel}/\mu\text{l}$ . Pada persentase jumlah leukosit didapatkan anak penderita dengan jumlah leukosit normal lebih banyak yaitu 86 anak (51%), dengan leukopenia 73 anak (43%) dan leukositosis sebanyak 10 anak (6%). Hitung jenis leukosit didapatkan nilai neutrofil memiliki penurunan paling banyak yaitu 143 anak (85%) dan nilai limfosit terjadi peningkatan yaitu sebanyak 137 anak (81%) dibandingkan dengan jenis sel lainnya.

Kata kunci : DBD,Anak Penderita,Jumlah Leukosit,Jenis Leukosit.

Daftar Bacaan : 19 ( 1999-2021)

**HEALTH POLYTECHNIC OF TANJUNGKARANG  
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**DESCRIPTION OF CALCULATE THE NUMBER AND TYPES OF  
LEUKOCYTES IN CHILD SUFFERING WITH DENGUE FEVER (DHF)  
IN PRINGSEWU HOSPITAL 2020-2021**

xv+25 pages, 1 pictures, 6 tables, dan 6 attachments

**ABSTRACT**

Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever (DHF) is an acute fever caused by one of four virus serotypes known as the dengue virus which is caused by the bite of the Aedes aegypti mosquito. The purpose of this study was to determine the description of the number and type of leukocytes in children with dengue fever at Pringsewu Hospital in 2020-2021. This type of research is descriptive using secondary data. The sample in this study amounted to 169 children with DHF who did an examination of the number and type of leukocytes. The results of the study of the characteristics of children with dengue fever, it was found that males were more infected with as many as 85 children with patients (50.3%) than women, namely 84 children with patients (49.7%). In the age group 0-5 years, the most infections were 48 children (28.4%), 6-10 years 43 children (25.4%), and 11-15 years 40 children (23.7%). In the frequency distribution, the average number of leukocytes was 5,461 cells/ $\mu$ l, the lowest value was 1,460 cells/, and the highest value was 16,500 cells/ $\mu$ . In the percentage of leukocyte count, there were children with more normal leukocyte counts, namely 86 children (51%), with leukopenia in 73 children (43%) and 10 children with leukocytosis (6%). Counting the types of leukocytes, the value of neutrophils decreased the most, namely 143 children (85%) and the lymphocyte value increased by 137 children (81%) compared to other cell types.

Keywords: DHF, Children with Sufferers, Number of Leukocytes, Types of Leukocytes.  
Reading List: 19 (1999-2021)